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APPLICATION NO.		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/632,869		08/04/2003	Jeen-Gie Kim	1293.1818	4635
21171	7590	10/03/2005		EXAMINER	
STAAS &		Y LLP	BLOUIN, MARK S		
SUITE 700 1201 NEW		VENUE, N.W.		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGTON, DC 20005				2653	
			DATE MAILED: 10/03/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	A - 1: - 4: - At -	A = 1; = = 4(a)
	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Commence	10/632,869	KIM ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Mark Blouin	2653
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REWHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by some year of the provided period for reply will, by some year of the provided period for reply will, by some year of the provided period for reply will, by some year of the provided period for reply will, by some year of the provided period for reply will, by some year of the provided period for reply will, by some year of the provided period for reply will, by some year of the provided period for reply will be year.	G DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be not	ON. timely filed om the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on _ 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) 3) Since this application is in condition for all of the property o	This action is non-final.	prosecution as to the ments is
closed in accordance with the practice und	ler <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11,	453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims		•
·		
4) ☑ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the applica 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with		•
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	Mawii IIOIII Consideration.	•
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction ar	nd/or election requirement.	
Application Papers		
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Exan	niner	•
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>04 August 2003</u> is/a		d to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co	rrection is required if the drawing(s) is o	objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	e Examiner. Note the attached Offic	e Action or form PTO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•	·
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore	pign priority under 25 LLS C & 110/	(a) (d) or (f)
a) All b) Some * c) None of:	sign phonty under 35 C.S.C. § 119(a)-(u) 01 (i).
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority docum	nents have been received.	·
2. Certified copies of the priority docum		ation No
3. Copies of the certified copies of the	priority documents have been recei	ved in this National Stage
application from the International Bu	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	
* See the attached detailed Office action for a	list of the certified copies not receive	ved.
Attachment(s)	A.	
1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summa	ry (PTO-413)
2) 🔲 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail	Date
 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB Paper No(s)/Mail Date/1/1/04&1/19/05. 	(708) 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Patent Application (PTO-152)

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Detailed Action

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claims 1,3, and 5-20 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102 (e) as being anticipated by Lee et al. (USPub 20030193854).
- Regarding Claims 1,3,7-9,12,14,17, and 19, Lee et al shows (Figs. 5,6,and 8), an optical disc drive for use for focusing objective lens (11) and a holder on a base (20), comprising an optical pickup, the optical pickup having a spindle motor that spins a disc (D), and an optical pickup actuator that controls a position of the objective lens to record or reproduce information on or from the disc by radiating light onto a desired position of the disc via the objective lens, wherein the optical pickup actuator comprises a blade (10) holding the objective lens, a plurality of wires (30) to movingly support the blade so that the blade moves around the holder, a coil (13) installed in the blade, walls of the coil defining a cavity in the coil, a first magnet (21) installed on the base so as to at least partially be positioned inside the cavity, and a second magnet (22) installed outside the cavity so as to at least partially face the first magnet, so that a portion of the coil is positioned between the first magnet and the second magnet, wherein an outer surface of the first magnet facing the coil is polarized into a first pole and an inner surface of the first

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magnet is polarized into a second pole (inherent-magnetic surfaces are polarized to a N-S orientation).

- 4. Regarding Claims 5,6, and 13, Lee et al shows (Figs. 5,6, and 8; [0050]), the optical disc drive, wherein the first magnet of the optical pickup actuator interacts with a current flowing through the coil to generate an electromagnetic force.
- Regarding Claims 10 and 11, Lee et al shows (Figs. 5,6,and 8), the optical pickup actuator, wherein the device comprises a coil having walls defining a cavity in the coil, a first magnet (21) at least partially positioned inside the cavity that interacts with a current flowing through the coil to generate an electromagnetic force [0050], and a second magnet (22) installed outside the cavity so as to at least partially face the first magnet, so that a portion of the coil is positioned between the first magnet and the second magnet, wherein an outer surface of the first magnet facing the coil is polarized into a first pole and an inner surface of the first magnet is polarized into a second pole, opposite the first pole (inherent-magnetic surfaces are polarized to a N-S orientation).
- Regarding Claims 15 and 16, Lee et al shows (Fig. 8), the optical pickup, wherein inner and outer surfaces of the first magnet are polarized into opposite poles (inherent-magnetic surfaces are polarized to a N-S orientation), and substantially all portions of the outer surface of the first magnet facing the focusing coil belong to the same pole, wherein a main driving force for driving the blade in a focusing direction is generated by a current flowing through a front portion of a focusing coil, and current flowing through a rear, a left, and a right portion of the focusing coil generate forces in substantially the same direction as the main driving force [0059-0060].

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- Regarding Claim 18, Lee et al shows (Figs. 5,6,and 8), the optical pickup actuator, further comprising an inner surface of the first magnet polarized into a first pole and an outer surface of the first magnet being polarized into a second pole, opposite the first pole, and substantially all portions of the outer surface of the first magnet facing the focusing coil belong to a same pole (inherent).
- 8. Regarding Claim 20, Lee et al shows (Figs. 5,6,and 8), the optical pickup actuator, wherein the magnetic flux increases or decreases at substantially the same time in each portion of the focusing coil (current applied at the same time will change flux instantaneously).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 9. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which the subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 10. Claims 2 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lee et al (USPub 20030193854) in view of Ooyama et al (USPN 5,136,565).
- 11. Regarding Claims 2 and 4, Lee et al shows all the features described, *supra*, but does not show the optical disc drive wherein the first magnet is box-shaped with walls of the box defining an opening in the box.

Ooyama et al shows (Fig. 1) the optical disc drive wherein the first magnet is box-shaped with walls of the box defining an opening in the box.

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to replace the magnet of Lee et al with the magnet as taught by Ooyama et al. The rationale is as follows: One of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have been motivated to replace the magnet of Lee et al with the magnet as taught by Ooyama et al because the magnets are art recognized equivalent.

Conclusion

12. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mark Blouin whose telephone number is (571) 272-7583. The examiner can normally be reached M-F, 6:00 am – 3:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful the examiner's supervisor, William Korzuch can be reached at (571) 272-7589. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300 for regular and After Final communications.

Any inquiry of general nature or relating to the status of application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 306-0377.

Mark Blouin

Patent Examiner

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September 22, 2005

A. J. HEINZ PRIMARY EXAMINER

GROUP 2005 A. U. 2 G 53